CAMERON

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

REQUEST FOR SEALED PROPOSALS

CAMERON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT 400 EAST 10TH STREET CAMERON, TEXAS 76520

HVAC Maintenance, Repair, Installation and Related Services



REQUEST FOR SEALED PROPOSALS

1.1 <u>OWNER</u>

Cameron Independent School District 400 East 10th Street-P.O. Box 712 Cameron, Texas 76520

1.2 PROJECT

HVAC Maintenance, Repair, Installation and Related Services

1.3 ARCHITECT

Not applicable for this Project.

1.4 DESCRIPTION

Owner is accepting proposals and seeking highly qualified contractors to provide the District with HVAC Maintenance, Repair, Installation and Related Services on an "as needed" basis. HVAC services may consist of repairs, troubleshooting, service upgrades, new installations, emergency HVAC repairs during normal business hours, evenings, weekends and holidays

You are invited to submit a proposal.

1.5 ESTIMATED BUDGET

Unknown

1.6 BASIS OF PROPOSALS

Owner will be requesting and evaluating proposals in accordance with Chapter 2269, Subchapter D, Texas Government Code.

1.7 CONDITIONS OF PROPOSAL

- 1.7.1 The Proposer shall not accept or offer gifts or anything of value nor enter into any business arrangement with any employee, official, or agent of the Owner.
- 1.7.2 No public official shall have a personal interest in this proposal or any resulting contract in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 171, Texas Local Government Code.
- 1.7.3 The Owner is qualified for exemption from State and local taxes as a public school district and political subdivision of the State of Texas.

1.8 BID PACKET & SUBMISSION OF PROPOSALS

The BID packet and any updates will be found online at:

http://www.cameronisd.net

Deadline for Submission: Responses to this RFP are due no later than:

10:00 A.M. (local time)

December 8, 2025

No fax or other forms of electronic transmission will be accepted for consideration. Proposals received after the published deadline will not be accepted or considered.

1.9 FORMALITIES

The Owner reserves the right to reject, in its sole discretion, any or all Proposals submitted in response to this RFP. All proposals in response to this RFP become the property of the Owner and may be subject to release to any requester under the provisions of the Texas Public Information Act, Chapter 552, Texas Government Code, and Attorney General Opinions issued under such statute. Owner reserves the right to issue additional RFPs for the services described herein or similar services at any time.

1.10 GOVERNING LAWS AND REGULATIONS

All Proposers must comply with all State and Federal labor laws concerning wage rates.

INSTRUCTIONS TO PROPOSERS

ARTICLE 2 DEFINITIONS

- 2.1 "Proposal Documents" include the Proposal Requirements and Contract Information. The Proposal Requirements consist of the Request for Proposal, Instructions to Proposers, Scope of Proposals, the Proposal Form, Procurement Form Supplements and other sample proposal and contract forms. The proposed Contract Information consists of Conditions of the Contract (General and Supplementary), Standard Form of Agreement, Amendments to Standard Form of Agreement, Insurance and Bond Requirements and all Addenda issued prior to execution of the Contract.
- 2.2 Definitions set forth in the Contract for Construction and its supplements, Al05-2017, as modified by the Owner, or in other Contract Documents related to the Project, are applicable to the Proposal Documents.
- 2.3 "Proposal" is a complete and properly signed proposal to do the Work for the sums stipulated therein, submitted in accordance with the Proposal Documents.
- 2.4 "Proposer" is a person or entity who submits a Proposal to this RFP.

ARTICLE 3 PROPOSER'S REPRESENTATIONS

- 3.1 The Proposer, by making a Proposal, represents that:
- 3.1.1 The Proposer has read and understands the Proposal Documents and the Proposal is made in accordance therewith.
- 3.i.2 The Proposer has read and understands the Proposal Documents or Contract Information, to the extent that such documentation relates to the Work for which the Proposal is submitted,

for other portions of the Project, if any, being proposed concurrently or presently under construction.

- 3.1.3 The Proposer has visited the site, become familiar with local conditions under which the work is to be performed and has correlated the Proposer's personal observations with the requirements of the Proposal Documents.
- 3.1.4 By submitting a proposal, each proposer agrees to waive any claim it has or may have against the Owner, Engineer, Architect and their respective employees and sub-consultants, arising out of or in connection with the administration, evaluation, or recommendation of any proposal; waiver of any requirements under the Proposal Documents, acceptance or rejection of any proposals and award of a contract.

ARTICLE 4 SCOPE OF WORK AND SPECIFICATIONS

- 4.1 Cameron ISD seeks to establish qualified contractors to provide "as needed" HVAC Services including, but not limited to maintenance, repair, troubleshooting, remodeling, service upgrades, new installations and emergency repairs for all heating, ventilation, air conditioning HVAC and related mechanical systems owned and/or leased and operated by the District. Operations department will request a quote prior to work to be performed and present a purchase order. The equipment and parts are only purchased as part of the turn key quote process. This RFP is NOT FOR PARTS ONLY.
- 4.2 This proposal includes all of Cameron ISD facilities and any new facilities constructed during the time frame of the proposal.

- 4.3 The Districts goal is to engage the services of one or more vendor(s) that will maintain the equipment and systems in a manner that, according to the manufacturer's recommended performance standards, provides the highest level of efficiency and occupant comfort, minimizes unscheduled downtime and extends equipment life.
 - Vendors shall provide the necessary management, administration, supervision, labor, maintenance and repairs according to manufacturer specifications and corrective maintenance (repairs and service calls) as requested by the Cameron ISD Maintenance Service Department.
 - Tasks to be performed on this contract include but are not limited to performing all
 inspections, testing, cleaning, charging, evacuating, calibrating, preventative
 maintenance, repairs, replacement of equipment and servicing of the District's HVAC
 units and systems.
 - The vendor may be assigned work related to the following equipment, but not limited to the following:
 - Electrical components beginning at the branch circuit/motor feeder over-current protection device.
 - Boiler gas trains, burner assemblies, and all components involved and necessary for compliance and safe operation starting after the fuel system supply valve.
 - Boilers and all components involved and necessary for compliance and safe operation starting after the domestic water supply back-flow device.
 - Chilled water distribution systems, beginning at the supply side of the back-flow device and ending at the end of the drainpipe.
 - Individual roof top, DX, multi-zone and window HVAC units, beginning at their connection to electrical service and ending at the condensate line.
 - Individual heating units, beginning at the fuel system supply valve.
 - All work on this contract should be performed using trained, skilled and professional crafts people who are employed under the direct supervision of the contractor in sufficient numbers to complete all tasks within the time frames defined in this scope of work.

Cameron ISD currently operates various models and brands of HVAC units that include but are not limited to:

Trane Carrier Lennox Goodman Daiken Bryant

4.4 Cameron ISD will hold a **MANDITORY** pre-proposal meeting on November 19th, 2025 at 10am. This meeting will be held at our Administration office, 400 E 10th st Cameron, TX 76520

4.5 Pricing

- 1. An awarded Vendor must be approved by the manufacturer to sell, install, and service the brand of equipment submitted. In addition, Proposers responding to this Proposal Invitation that provide installation and repair services must submit an approval letter from each manufacturer. Manufacturer authorization letters must include the regions in which equipment may be sold.
- 2. Proposers responding to this Proposal Invitation must submit a copy of their license from the Texas Department of License and Regulations. If a proposer will serve outside the State of Texas, the appropriate licensing agency for the state(s) the vendor proposes shall be provided.
- 3. Vendors proposing to provide installation and repair services may propose a not-to-exceed hourly labor rate, a not- to exceed coefficient for unit price book or both. A coefficient proposed should be the price multiplier that vendor proposes to be applied to the unit price book(s) identified in the Proposal specifications. Coefficients shall be "net" (e.g. 1.0) or a percentage "decrease from" (e.g. 0.95) or "increase from" (e.g. 1.21) the unit prices listed in the unit price book. Coefficient factors are to be carried no further than two (2) decimal places.
- 4. Cameron ISD is exempt from local, state, and federal taxes. Do not include these taxes in your proposal. The District will supply tax exemption information upon request. CISD will not be responsible for payment of taxes imposed on goods and/or services purchased by the District; Contractor represents and warrants that it shall pay all taxes or similar amounts resulting from this contract, including, without limitation, any federal, state, local income, sales, or excise taxes of Contractor or its employees.
- 5. The District Purchasing Department and vendors may enter into discussions and revisions of proposal, as necessary. Discussions/negotiations may be conducted with vendors who are deemed to be within the final competitive range; however, CISD reserves the right to award a contract without discussions/negotiations. If discussions/negotiations are conducted, vendors will be required to submit a best and final proposal. The best and final proposal may be required as early as 24 hours after completion of discussions/negotiations.

PROPOSAL FORM & SUPPLEMENTS

To: Dr. Mistie Dakroub
Superintendent of Schools
Cameron Independent School District
400 East 10th Street-P.O. Box 712
Cameron, Texas 76520
Project: HVAC Maintenance, Repair, Installation and Related Services Date: Submitted by: (full name): (full address):
In accordance with Instructions to Proposers and Proposal Form, we include the following Attachments listed below. The information provided shall be considered an integral part of the Proposal Form. The following Attachments are attached to this document.
Attachment A- Felony Conviction Notification Attachment B - Resident Bidder Certification Attachment C - Complete Vendor Packet Attachment D - W-9
PROPOSAL FORM SUPPLEMENTS SIGNATURES
The Corporate Seal of (Proposer)
affixed in the presence of:
(Authorized signing officer name & title)

ATTACHMENT A FELONY CONVICTION NOTIFICATION

In order for the proposal to be considered, the following information must be provided. Failure to complete may result in rejection of the proposal.

State of Texas Statues Education Code, Section 44.034, Notification of Criminal History of Contractor, Subsection (a), states "a person or business entity that enters into a contract with a school district must give advance notice to the district if the person or an Owner or operator of the business entity has been convicted of a felony. The notice must include a general description of the conduct resulting in the conviction of a felony." Subsection (b) states "a school district may terminate a contract with a person or business entity if the district determines that the person or business entity failed to give notice as required by Subsection (a) or misrepresented the conduct resulting in the conviction. The district must compensate the person or business entity for services performed before the termination of the contract."

THIS NOTICE IS NOT REQUIRED OF A PUBLICLY-HELD CORPORATION PLEASE COMPLETE THE INFORMATION BELOW

I, undersigned agent for the firm named below, certify that the information concerning notification of felony conviction has been reviewed by me and the following information furnished is true to the best of my knowledge.

VE	ENDOR'S NAME:
Αl	JTHORIZED COMPANY OFFICIAL'S NAME (PRINTED):
A.	My firm is a publicly held corporation; therefore, this reporting requirement is not applicable. Signature of Company Official:
В.	My firm is neither owned nor operated by anyone who has been convicted of a felony. Signature of Company Official:
C.	My firm is owned or operated by the following individual(s) who has/have been convicted of a felony:
Na	me of Individual(s):
De	tails of Conviction(s):
Sig	rnature of Company Official:

ATTACHMENT B RESIDENT BIDDER CERTIFICATION

Chapter 2252 of the Texas Government Code relates to Resident versus Nonresidents and the requirements governmental entities must follow when awarding contracts to Nonresidents.

"Nonresident bidder" refers to a person who is not a resident of the State of Texas.

"Resident bidder" refers to a person whose principal place of business is in the State of Texas, including a contractor whose ultimate parent company or majority owner has its principal place of business in the State of Texas.

"Governmental contract" means a contract awarded by a governmental entity for general construction, an improvement, a service, or a public works project or for a purchase of supplies, materials, or equipment. "

Sec. 2252.002. AWARD OF CONTRACT TO NONRESIDENT BIDDER.

A governmental entity may not award a governmental contract to a nonresident bidder unless the nonresident underbids the lowest bid submitted by a responsible resident bidder by an amount that is not less than the greater of the following:

- (1) the amount by which a resident bidder would be required to underbid the nonresident bidder to obtain a comparable contract in the state in which the nonresident's principal place of business is located; or
- (2) the amount by which a resident bidder would be required to underbid the nonresident bidder to obtain a comparable contract in the state in which a majority of the manufacturing relating to the contract will be performed.

A. I certify that
(Company Name): _____
is a Resident of Texas as defined in Chapter 2252, Tex. Gov't. Code.

B. I certify that
(Company Name): ____
is a Nonresident of Texas as defined in Chapter 2252, Tex. Gov't. Code.

Please complete the appropriate statement below:

Our principal place of business is:

Signature:

Printed Name: Date:

• •	•	•	-	ish the following information: place of business is located)?		
City:	State:	Zip:		•		
Company 1	Name:		Address:			
(A) Does your "resident state" require bidders whose principal place of business is in Texas to underbid bidders whose resident state is in the same as yours by a prescribed amount or percentage to receive a comparable contract? "Resident state" means the state in which the principal place of business is located. YES NO						
(B) Wh	at is the amoun	t or percentage	e?%			
I certify the	at the above inf	ormation is cor	rect.	_		
Typed Nan	ne:					
Company 1	Name:					



Cameron Independent School District

304 E. 12th St., PO Box 712 Cameron, TX 76520 254-697-3512 / Fax 254-697-2448

VENDOR INFORMATION PACKET:

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING: Texas Education Code 44.031 requires that purchases by school districts that are \$50,000 or more in an aggregate over a 12 month period shall be competitively bid or meet other requirements. Bid requirements are based on commodity groups. If the vendor's goods or services fall into a commodity that competitive bidding is required, the District must use a vendor that has complied with the bidding process. Therefore, a completed and returned Vendor Information Packet does not constitute acceptance as a vendor for Cameron ISD.

Cameron ISD is currently a member of several purchasing cooperatives. In addition, the District advertises bid opportunities for commodities that require a competitive process.

For Bid Opportunities: Interested vendors should check the Cameron Community Newspaper (https://www.cameronherald.com/) for current bid opportunities with the District.

The 84th Texas Legislature recently passed HB 1295, which enacted Section 2252.908, Texas Government Code. This new law prohibits a governmental entity or state agency from entering into certain contracts with a business entity unless the business entity first submits a disclosure of interested parties. All contracts entered into on or after January 1, 2016 that (i) require an action or vote by the governing body of the governmental entity, or (ii) have a value in excess of \$1 million. Specific guidance on what information business entities must disclose, as well as more information about completing Form 1295, may be found on the Texas Ethics Commission website at: https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/whatsnew/elf_info_form1295.htm

Please print and fill out the Vendor Application (W9 included) below. Also, please complete the Conflict of Interest at https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/forms/CIQ-New-2015.pdf, which is also located on the CISD website. Email to: bwilliamson@cameronisd.net or Fax to: 254-697-2448. If you have any questions please call me at 254-697-3512.

Thank you, Bonnie Williamson Accounts Payable www.cameronisd.net



Cameron Independent School District

304 E. 12th St., PO Box 712 Cameron, TX 76520 254-697-3512 / Fax 254-697-2448

VENDOR APPLICATION

Company Name:		
(Please Print)		
Contact Name and Title:		
Address:		
City:		
Phone number:	Fax:	
Email:		
Tax ID number:	D&B D-U-N-S number	:
1099 Eligible: 🗌 Yes 🔲 No		
Type: EIN number:	or SS number:	
Business: DBA, LLC, Corp.		
Description of Categories you will be	interested in:	
Please list any CO-OP of which you a		Compus/Dopt contact
person has requested your services?	What Cameron ISD	Campus/Dept contact
Will you accept a District Purchase O	order?	
Make check payable to:		
Bill address:		
City·	State·	Zin:



Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

Befor	e y	bu begin. For guidance related to the purpose of Form W-9, see <i>Purpose of Form</i> , below.												
	1	Name of entity/individual. An entry is required. (For a sole proprietor or disregarded entity, enter the ow entity's name on line 2.)	vner's nar	ne on	line 1	, and	l ente	r the	busin	ess/c	isrega	arded		
Print or type. See Specific Instructions on page 3.	2	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above.												
	3a	3a Check the appropriate box for federal tax classification of the entity/individual whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one of the following seven boxes. Individual/sole proprietor						Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3): Exempt payee code (if any)						
	Note: Check the "LLC" box above and, in the entry space, enter the appropriate code (C, S, or P) for the tax classification of the LLC, unless it is a disregarded entity. A disregarded entity should instead check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Other (see instructions)							Exemption from Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) reporting code (if any)						
	3b	3b If on line 3a you checked "Partnership" or "Trust/estate," or checked "LLC" and entered "P" as its tax classification, and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate in which you have an ownership interest, check this box if you have any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries. See instructions .							(Applies to accounts maintained outside the United States.)					
See	5	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.). See instructions.	Requester's name and address (optional)											
	6 City, state, and ZIP code													
	7	List account number(s) here (optional)												
Pai	τl	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)												
Enter	vou	r TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to avo	oid [Socia	l sec	urity	numb	er						
backı	y dr	ithholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, fo lien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other				-			-					
		is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to get</i>	a o	r		_								
TIN, later.							yer identification number							
		ne account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. See also <i>What Name a</i> of or	and		<u> </u>									
Par	t II	Certification	ı											
Unde	r pe	nalties of perjury, I certify that:												
	•	mber shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for a	number	to b	e issı	ued t	o me	e); ar	ıd					
2. I ar Se	n no	of subject to backup withholding because (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) I (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest or ger subject to backup withholding; and	have no	t bee	n no	tified	l by t	he Ir	ntern					
3. I ar	n a	U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and												
4. The	e FA	TCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting	g is corre	ct.										
		ion instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that yo										naid		

acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and, generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.

General Instructions

Signature of

U.S. person

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to *www.irs.gov/FormW9*.

What's New

Sign

Here

Line 3a has been modified to clarify how a disregarded entity completes this line. An LLC that is a disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Otherwise, it should check the "LLC" box and enter its appropriate tax classification.

New line 3b has been added to this form. A flow-through entity is required to complete this line to indicate that it has direct or indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries when it provides the Form W-9 to another flow-through entity in which it has an ownership interest. This change is intended to provide a flow-through entity with information regarding the status of its indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, so that it can satisfy any applicable reporting requirements. For example, a partnership that has any indirect foreign partners may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3. See the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS is giving you this form because they

Date

must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN), which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid).
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds).
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds).
- Form 1099-NEC (nonemployee compensation).
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers).
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions).
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third-party network transactions).
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), and 1098-T (tuition).
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt).
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property).

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

Caution: If you don't return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See *What is backup withholding*, later.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued);
 - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding; or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee; and
- 4. Certify to your non-foreign status for purposes of withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code (if applicable); and
- 5. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting is correct. See *What Is FATCA Reporting*, later, for further information.

Note: If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

Definition of a U.S. person. For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301,7701-7).

Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding. Payments made to foreign persons, including certain distributions, allocations of income, or transfers of sales proceeds, may be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or chapter 4 of the Code (sections 1441–1474). Under those rules, if a Form W-9 or other certification of non-foreign status has not been received, a withholding agent, transferee, or partnership (payor) generally applies presumption rules that may require the payor to withhold applicable tax from the recipient, owner, transferor, or partner (payee). See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities.

The following persons must provide Form W-9 to the payor for purposes of establishing its non-foreign status.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the disregarded entity.
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the grantor trust.
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

See Pub. 515 for more information on providing a Form W-9 or a certification of non-foreign status to avoid withholding.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person (under Regulations section 1.1441-1(b)(2)(iv) or other applicable section for chapter 3 or 4 purposes), do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515). If you are a qualified foreign pension fund under Regulations section 1.897(I)-1(d), or a partnership that is wholly owned by qualified foreign pension funds, that is treated as a non-foreign person for purposes of section 1445 withholding, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use Form W-8EXP (or other certification of non-foreign status).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a saving clause. Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
 - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if their stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first Protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on their scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include, but are not limited to, interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester;
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details);
 - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN;
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only); or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding, as described in item 4 under "By signing the filled-out form" above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

See also Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding, earlier.

What Is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all U.S. account holders that are specified U.S. persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Updating Your Information

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you are no longer tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

Penalties

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

Specific Instructions

Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

• Individual. Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note for ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040 you filed with your application.

- Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your Form 1040 on line 1. Enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.
- Partnership, C corporation, S corporation, or LLC, other than a disregarded entity. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- Other entities. Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. Enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- Disregarded entity. In general, a business entity that has a single owner, including an LLC, and is not a corporation, is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (a disregarded entity). See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2). A disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the owner entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For

example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, enter it on line 2.

Line 3a

Check the appropriate box on line 3a for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3a.

IF the entity/individual on line 1 is a(n)	THEN check the box for			
Corporation	Corporation.			
Individual or	Individual/sole proprietor.			
Sole proprietorship				
LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes or	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax classification:			
LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 electing to be taxed as a corporation	P = Partnership, C = C corporation, or S = S corporation.			
Partnership	Partnership.			
Trust/estate	Trust/estate.			

Line 3b

Check this box if you are a partnership (including an LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes), trust, or estate that has any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate, in which you have an ownership interest. You must check the box on line 3b if you receive a Form W-8 (or documentary evidence) from any partner, owner, or beneficiary establishing foreign status or if you receive a Form W-9 from any partner, owner, or beneficiary that has checked the box on line 3b.

Note: A partnership that provides a Form W-9 and checks box 3b may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065). For more information, see the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

If you are required to complete line 3b but fail to do so, you may not receive the information necessary to file a correct information return with the IRS or furnish a correct payee statement to your partners or beneficiaries. See, for example, sections 6698, 6722, and 6724 for penalties that may apply.

Line 4 Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space on line 4.

1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2).

- 2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities.
- 5-A corporation.
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or territory
- $7\!-\!A$ futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- 8-A real estate investment trust.
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a).
- 11-A financial institution as defined under section 581.
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian.
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for			
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7.			
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.			
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4.			
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 ¹	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5.2			
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4.			

¹ See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Information, and its instructions.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) entered on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37).
 - B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- C-A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i).
- E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i).

- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state.
 - G-A real estate investment trust.
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
 - I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a).
 - J-A bank as defined in section 581.
 - K-A broker.
- L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1).
- M—A tax-exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan.

Note: You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, enter "NEW" at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have, and are not eligible to get, an SSN, your TIN is your IRS ITIN. Enter it in the entry space for the Social security number. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's FIN.

Note: See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester*, later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/EIN. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4 mailed to you within 15 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and enter "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, you will generally have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

Note: Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon. See also *Establishing U.S.* status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding, earlier, for when you may instead be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

² However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- **3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- **4. Other payments.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account ¹
Two or more U.S. persons (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)	The minor ²
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee ¹
 b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law 	The actual owner ¹
Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner ³
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))**	The grantor*

For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
Disregarded entity not owned by an individual	The owner
9. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity ⁴
10. Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax-exempt organization	The organization
12. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
13. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
14. Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments	The public entity
15. Grantor trust filing Form 1041 or under the Optional Filing Method 2, requiring Form 1099 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(B))**	The trust

¹List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

- ³ You must show your individual name on line 1, and enter your business or DBA name, if any, on line 2. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.
- ⁴List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.)
- *Note: The grantor must also provide a Form W-9 to the trustee of the trust
- **For more information on optional filing methods for grantor trusts, see the Instructions for Form 1041.

Note: If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information, such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax return preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity, or a questionable credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

²Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

Form W-9 (Rev. 3-2024)

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to <code>phishing@irs.gov</code>. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at <code>spam@uce.gov</code> or report them at <code>www.ftc.gov/complaint</code>. You can contact the FTC at <code>www.ftc.gov/idtheft</code> or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see <code>www.ldentityTheft.gov</code> and Pub. 5027.

Go to www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their laws. The information may also be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payors must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividends, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payor. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

Page 6

Instructions for the Conflict of Interest Questionnaire

Section 176.006 requires disclosure of a person's "affiliations or business relations that might cause a conflict of interest." The term "affiliation" is not defined in Chapter 176. However, the general definition of the word "affiliation" would mean any association or connection. So any affiliation, including such things as friendship, membership in some group or organization, relationship by blood or marriage, or any other connection, must be disclosed.

How to fill out the Conflict of Interest Questionnaire (each number corresponds with the number on Form CIQ).

- 1. Name of person doing business with the District. If the business is a corporation, partnership, etc., then each person who acts as an agent for the business in dealings with Cameron ISD must complete the form. Also state company name.
- Check the box if you are filing an update to a previously filed questionnaire. Updates are required by law by September 1 of each year in which the person submits a proposal or bid, or begins contract discussions or negotiations with the District.
 Updates are also required by the 7th business day after an event that makes a statement in a previously filed questionnaire incomplete or inaccurate.
- 3. Describe how you are affiliated or related to a CISD employee or school board member who may make recommendations to the District regarding expenditures of money.
 - Name the District employee or school board member with whom you have a relationship; if there is no relationship in question, state "NONE". Answer questions A, B, C, and D with "Yes" or "No", as applicable.

Examples:

- If your spouse, parent, or child is the District's Director of Purchasing and a bid is being submitted to the Purchasing Department, this relationship must be reported.
- If your spouse, parent, or child is the Principal at a school and your business may sell items directly to that school, this relationship must be reported.
- If you or your spouse, parent, or child is in business with a District employee that would be making a recommendation concerning a purchase or sales transaction involving you, the relationship must be reported.
- If you employ or do business with a spouse, parent, or child of a District employee that would be making a recommendation concerning a purchase or sales transaction involving you, the relationship must be reported.
- If you are a District employee and would be making a recommendation concerning a purchase or sales transaction involving you, the relationship must be reported.
- If your neighbor or friend is a District employee that would be making a recommendation concerning a purchase or sales transaction involving you and you feel that your relationship with this employee could affect their recommendation, this relationship must be reported.
- If any other situation exists that would result in a conflict of interest, the relationship must be reported.
- If your spouse, parent, or child is a teacher that does not make recommendations concerning purchasing or sales transactions, this relationship should not be reported. If your spouse, parent, or child is a Principal at a school and a bid is being considered by a separate department such as Facilities & Planning (Construction Department), this relationship should not be reported.
- 4. Signature Box: Date and Sign the form. A signature is required from the person completing the form even if "No" is entered in Box 3, A, B, C, or D.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST QUESTIONNAIRE

FORM CIQ

For vendor doing business with local governmental entity

This questionnaire reflects changes made to the law by H.B. 23, 84th Leg., Regular Session.	OFFICE USE ONLY
This questionnaire is being filed in accordance with Chapter 176, Local Government Code, by a vendor who has a business relationship as defined by Section 176.001(1-a) with a local governmental entity and the vendor meets requirements under Section 176.006(a).	Date Received
By law this questionnaire must be filed with the records administrator of the local governmental entity not later than the 7th business day after the date the vendor becomes aware of facts that require the statement to be filed. See Section 176.006(a-1), Local Government Code.	
A vendor commits an offense if the vendor knowingly violates Section 176.006, Local Government Code. An offense under this section is a misdemeanor.	
Name of vendor who has a business relationship with local governmental entity.	
Check this box if you are filing an update to a previously filed questionnaire. (The law recompleted questionnaire with the appropriate filing authority not later than the 7th business you became aware that the originally filed questionnaire was incomplete or inaccurate.)	s day after the date on which
Name of local government officer about whom the information is being disclosed.	
Name of Officer	
Describe each employment or other business relationship with the local government officer, as described by Section 176.003(a)(2)(A). Also describe any family relationship with Complete subparts A and B for each employment or business relationship described. Attack CIQ as necessary. A. Is the local government officer or a family member of the officer receiving or lother than investment income, from the vendor? Yes No B. Is the vendor receiving or likely to receive taxable income, other than investment of the local government officer or a family member of the officer AND the taxable local governmental entity? Yes No Describe each employment or business relationship that the vendor named in Section 1 m	th the local government officer. In additional pages to this Form it income, from or at the direction income is not received from the
other business entity with respect to which the local government officer serves as an ownership interest of one percent or more.	officer or director, or holds an
Check this box if the vendor has given the local government officer or a family member as described in Section 176.003(a)(2)(B), excluding gifts described in Section 176.003(a)(a)(b) (B), excluding gifts described in Section 176.003(a)(b) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B	
7	
Signature of vendor doing business with the governmental entity	Date

CONFLICT OF INTEREST QUESTIONNAIRE For vendor doing business with local governmental entity

A complete copy of Chapter 176 of the Local Government Code may be found at http://www.statutes.legis.state.tx.us/Docs/LG/htm/LG.176.htm. For easy reference, below are some of the sections cited on this form.

<u>Local Government Code § 176.001(1-a)</u>: "Business relationship" means a connection between two or more parties based on commercial activity of one of the parties. The term does not include a connection based on:

- (A) a transaction that is subject to rate or fee regulation by a federal, state, or local governmental entity or an agency of a federal, state, or local governmental entity;
- (B) a transaction conducted at a price and subject to terms available to the public; or
- (C) a purchase or lease of goods or services from a person that is chartered by a state or federal agency and that is subject to regular examination by, and reporting to, that agency.

Local Government Code § 176.003(a)(2)(A) and (B):

- (a) A local government officer shall file a conflicts disclosure statement with respect to a vendor if:
 - (2) the vendor:
 - (A) has an employment or other business relationship with the local government officer or a family member of the officer that results in the officer or family member receiving taxable income, other than investment income, that exceeds \$2,500 during the 12-month period preceding the date that the officer becomes aware that
 - (i) a contract between the local governmental entity and vendor has been executed; or
 - (ii) the local governmental entity is considering entering into a contract with the vendor;
 - (B) has given to the local government officer or a family member of the officer one or more gifts that have an aggregate value of more than \$100 in the 12-month period preceding the date the officer becomes aware that:
 - (i) a contract between the local governmental entity and vendor has been executed; or
 - (ii) the local governmental entity is considering entering into a contract with the vendor.

Local Government Code § 176.006(a) and (a-1)

- (a) A vendor shall file a completed conflict of interest questionnaire if the vendor has a business relationship with a local governmental entity and:
 - (1) has an employment or other business relationship with a local government officer of that local governmental entity, or a family member of the officer, described by Section 176.003(a)(2)(A);
 - (2) has given a local government officer of that local governmental entity, or a family member of the officer, one or more gifts with the aggregate value specified by Section 176.003(a)(2)(B), excluding any gift described by Section 176.003(a-1); or
 - (3) has a family relationship with a local government officer of that local governmental entity.
- (a-1) The completed conflict of interest questionnaire must be filed with the appropriate records administrator not later than the seventh business day after the later of:
 - (1) the date that the vendor:
 - (A) begins discussions or negotiations to enter into a contract with the local governmental entity; or
 - (B) submits to the local governmental entity an application, response to a request for proposals or bids, correspondence, or another writing related to a potential contract with the local governmental entity; or
 - (2) the date the vendor becomes aware:
 - (A) of an employment or other business relationship with a local government officer, or a family member of the officer, described by Subsection (a);
 - (B) that the vendor has given one or more gifts described by Subsection (a); or
 - (C) of a family relationship with a local government officer.